Part $1 - 1^{st}$ Tithe – To appreciate and support those who serve

Deut 8:1-20 – We are commanded to appreciate & never forget the source of all blessings

Lev 27:30-34 – the first mention of tithing by name

- All the tithe belongs to Yahweh. It is set-apart to Yahweh
- If a man redeems any of his tithes, he adds a fifth to it

Num 18:20-30 – Levites to receive the tithe

- Israelites are instructed to give tithes and offerings to Yahweh
- The tithes that belonged to Yahweh were to be given to the Levites
 - O It was given to the Levites because they were to spend all of their time doing the work of service of the Tent of Meeting
 - o This was to sustain them in place of having an inheritance like the other tribes
- The Levites were to give a tithe of the tithe to the Cohanim

Gen 4:3-7 – Qayin and Chebel

- Verse 7 mentions sin which we know is transgression of the Torah
 - o 1 John 3:4 defines sin as lawlessness

Gen 14:16-20 – Avram gives a tenth to Malkitsedek

■ Malkitsedek – Shem – Avram's ancester

Gen 28:20-22 – Yaacov pledges to tithe to Yahweh

Most likely they would have been given to Malkitsedek – Shem

Part 2 – 2nd Tithe – To appreciate Yahweh and celebrate His Feasts

Deut 14:22-29 — exchanging the tithe for money – linked to the Feasts

- Verse 22 "Year by year" no carry over from year to the next
- Verse 29 We are to do all of this so that Yahweh does bless us in all the works of our hands

